Cautionary Notes

This presentation has been prepared by the management of Orocobre Limited (the "Company") in connection with meetings with institutional investors, for the benefit of brokers and analysts and not as specific advice to any particular party or person. The information is based on publicly available information, internally developed data and other sources. Where any opinion is expressed in this presentation, it is based on the assumptions and limitations mentioned herein and is an expression of present opinion only. No warranties or representations can be made as to the origin, validity, accuracy, completeness, currency or reliability of the information. The Company disclaims and excludes all liability (to the extent permitted by law) for losses, claims, damages, demands, costs and expenses of whatever nature arising in any way out of or in connection with the information, its accuracy, completeness or by reason of reliance by any person on any of it.

This presentation contains “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information is often characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "budget", "target", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate" and other similar words or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" occur. Forward-looking information may include, but is not limited to, the financing and profitability of the Olaroz Project, the completion of construction and the successful commissioning of the Olaroz Project, the capital expenditure incurred at the time of completion of construction and the timing thereof, the commencement of commercial production at the Olaroz Project and the timing thereof, the design production rate for lithium carbonate and potash at the Olaroz Project, the expected brine grade at the Olaroz Project, the expected operating costs at the Olaroz Project and the comparison of such expected costs to expected global operating costs, the ongoing working relationship between Orocobre and the Provinces of Jujuy and Salta, the future financial and operating performance of the Company, its affiliates and subsidiaries including Borax Argentina, the estimation and realization of mineral resources at the Company’s projects, the viability, recoverability and processing of such resources, timing of future exploration at the Company’s projects, timing and receipt of approvals, consents and permits under applicable legislation, trends in Argentina relating to the role of government in the economy (and particularly its role and participation in mining projects), adequacy of financial resources, forecasts relating to the lithium, boron and potash markets, production and other milestones for the Olaroz project, the Olaroz project’s future financial and operating performance including production, rates of return, operating costs, capital costs and cash flows, potential operating synergies between the Salinas Grandes and Cauchari projects and the Olaroz project, the potential processing of brines from the Cauchari Project and the incremental capital cost of such processing, expansion, growth and optimisation of Borax Argentina’s operations, the integration of Borax Argentina’s operations with those of Orocobre and any synergies relating thereto and other matters related to the development of the Company’s projects and the timing of the foregoing matters.

Forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to the risk of further changes in government regulations, policies or legislation; the conditions to drawdown of project finance are not satisfied and drawdown is delayed or does not occur, that further funding may be required, but unavailable, for the ongoing development of the Company’s projects; fluctuations or decreases in commodity prices; uncertainty in the estimation, economic viability, recoverability and processing of mineral resources; risks associated with construction and development of the Olaroz Project; unexpected capital or operating cost increases; uncertainty of meeting anticipated program milestones at the Olaroz Project or the Company’s other projects; general risks associated with the feasibility and development of the Olaroz Project and the Company’s other projects; risks associated with investments in publicly listed companies, such as the Company; risks associated with general economic conditions; the risk that the historical estimates for Borax Argentina’s properties that were prepared by Rio Tinto, Borax Argentina and/or their consultants (including the size and grade of such resources) are incorrect in any material respect; the inability to efficiently integrate the operations of Borax Argentina with those of Orocobre; as well as those factors disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2014 filed at www.sedar.com.

Forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable by the Company, may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: the Company’s ability to carry on its exploration and development activities at its projects and to continue production at Borax Argentina’s properties, the timely receipt of required approvals, the prices of lithium, potash and boron, the ability of the Company to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner and the ability of the Company to obtain financing as and when required and on reasonable terms. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive of all factors and assumptions which may have been used. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.
**Investment Highlights**

**Production guidance provided for CY15 for flagship Olaroz lithium facility**
- Flagship Olaroz lithium facility commenced production in 2015 and is producing product to specification suitable for technical and battery markets
- Production ramp up has been slower than expected due to equipment limitations and early operational issues, however all production bottlenecks have been identified and most rectified
- Production is expected to meet nameplate monthly run rate of 1,450 tonnes during Q4
- Large inventory of over 32,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent in the pond system
- Strong market conditions – the right time to enter the market:
  - supply constraints (Olaroz is the only western world new supply)
  - market growth rate > 10% p.a and > 17% for battery grade
  - leading to price increases – FMC announced 10% increase in Lithium in 2014
- Olaroz profile is as a high margin/low cost and long life operation of with significant expansion potential
- Stage 2 – expansion at Olaroz – strategic interest by funding partners and end users already received

**Borax Argentina operations**
- Turn around in place. Profitable in FY14. Growth initiatives currently underway in borax products and minerals
- Boron a key component in a number of industrial uses, including glass, ceramics, fibre glass and fertilisers
- Owner of mining properties of a number of lithium exploration projects with a royalty stream (Cauchari, Diablillos and Sal de Vida)

**Portfolio of Argentinian regional projects with attractive potential**
- Proximity of Cauchari & Salinas Grandes brines to Olaroz provides expansion potential & execution flexibility

**Long-term lithium and borates markets look very strong**
- Annual lithium market demand growth of approximately 10% forecast
- Continued growth in electric transport and lithium battery use has the potential for large demand growth
- >GDP growth forecast in borates
Capital Markets Snapshot (ASX:ORE, TSX:ORL)

Capital Structure (as at 23 June 2015)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shares outstanding</th>
<th>151.65m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Options outstanding</td>
<td>3.11m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share price ASX/TSX</td>
<td>A$2.19/C$2.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Market Capitalisation</td>
<td>A$332.1m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

52 week share price range (close):
- ASX: A$2.11 - A$3.20
- TSX: C$2.04 - C$3.30

Share Price Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholders</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Executives and Directors</td>
<td>~15.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acorn</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutions</td>
<td>~50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investor Relations Contacts

David Hall  
Business Development Manager  
Tel. +61 7 3871 3985  
M: +61 407 845 052  
dhall@orocobre.com

James Calaway  
Chairman  
M: +1 (713) 818 1457  
jcalaway@orocobre.com
Olaroz Facility Operations Update

Lithium carbonate plant continues to produce both battery grade and technical grade lithium carbonate to fulfil sample and customer order requirements

Production & Plant update

- Production ramp up has been slower than expected, principally due to equipment limitations and early operational issues
- Production bottlenecks have been sequentially identified and all bar one have been successfully rectified
- Rectification of construction defects and removal of bottlenecks at the plant, as well as installation of additional boiler capacity, direct steam injection and acid washing systems has cost approximately US$5 million to date
- The remaining rectification required is in regards to absorption inefficiencies in the purification circuit. This is expected to cost approximately US$2 million and take 3-4 months
- Improving production rates through Q3 expected whilst final modifications to the purification circuit are completed
- Guidance reaffirmed to meet nameplate monthly run rate of 1,450 tonnes during Q4
- Ability to meet production targets supported by large inventory of over 32,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent in the pond system

Lithium carbonate bags being filled

Product awaiting dispatch
Olaroz Facility Operations Update

Sale Orders
• Commercial sales of lithium carbonate continue to be dispatched from the facility to Europe and Japan together with samples customers in the USA, South Korea, China, Japan
• All forecast production for CY15 has now been fully committed, ahead of previous guidance
• Primary customer concern relates to obtaining long term security of supply – which Olaroz fulfils

Market
• The lithium market continues to demonstrate strong demand and tight supply, with market growth of ~10% year on year
• Existing suppliers announced market price increases of approximately 10% for 2015
• Our market experience is that lithium carbonate prices are continuing to increase from a level of $5,000-$5,500/tonne last year to currently be in excess of US$6,000/tonne

First commercial sales dispatch underway
Lithium Market Update
Lithium: Right Place, Right Time….

Limited sources of new supply:
- Limited number of economically extractable lithium resources
- Very concentrated global production: ~80% of world supply from Chile (SQM, Rockwood), Argentina (FMC) & Australia (Talison)
- Majority of Talison supply goes straight to China
- In the short term, new supply will only come from Olaroz and Rockwood (subject to licence approvals)
- **Orocobre has developed the first large scale lithium brine mine in 20 years**

Current producers face supply challenges:
- Declining volumes
- High cost hard rock lithium extraction
- 20KT Rockwood expansion remains on hold subject to environmental approvals

Demand expected to outstrip supply from 2017
- The market demand in 2013 is estimated at approximately 165,000tpa with an anticipated CAGR of ~10%
- But demand is forecast to outstrip supply from 2017 in China and 2016-17 for the rest of the world

**Orocobre has a large, low cost, expandable resource and a strategy to expand in line with market growth**

Source: Company websites, analyst reports and Orocobre estimates. Utilisation factors applied @ 85% for ROW and 60% for China.
Lithium: Right Place, Right Time….

Comments by key lithium producers on market growth, pricing and supply:

*Rockwood:* “….worldwide, the demand for lithium products will probably grow by 15% to 20%. The issue for Rockwood is going to be, can we actually supply it?” ³

*FMC:* “Lithium Demand Growth of 9% CAGR expected through 2020”⁴

*FMC:* As at December 1 2014:”….will increase global pricing for all grades of lithium carbonate….by 10 percent”⁵

*SQM:* “Lithium market demand should grow between 8-10% in 2014.” ⁶

Multiple industrial applications:

- Lithium is used in a number of industrial applications, including batteries, ceramics and glass
- Key drivers of growth include increasing demand for portable personal devices and electric vehicles
  - Use of battery-grade lithium in portable electronic devices has grown at ~20% per year since 2000

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1. Panasonic and Tesla Sign Agreement for the Gigafactory, Tesla Motors, July 30, 2014
2. Tesla Motors March 2014
3. Rockwood 03 March 2014 Conference Call
4. FMC Investor Marketing Dec 2013
5. PRN Newswire 4th November 2014
6. SQM Media release 04 April 2014
The Olaroz Project is forecast to have a bottom quartile unit cost of production at nameplate capacity.

Source: Roskill estimates 2013
Notes: Includes carbonate, hydroxide and chloride
Canada Lithium no longer in production. Galaxy operations no longer include mining and purchase concentrates.
Battery Megafactories are coming….

LG Chem
LG Chem, a Korean battery manufacturer, is constructing a plant in Nanjing, China with annual production capacity of more than 100,000 electric vehicles. It will supply batteries to Chinese automakers.

Tesla
Tesla, in partnership with Panasonic, is building a 35GWh facility in Nevada, and expects to begin battery cell production in 2017 and reach full capacity by 2020 - producing more lithium ion batteries annually than were produced worldwide in 2013.

Foxconn
Foxconn, a Taiwanese iPhone manufacturer, has also announced plans to invest $814m in building a gigafactory China and to become a major player in the Chinese electric car market.

Boston Power
Boston Power is a developer and manufacturer of Li-ion batteries. It has R&D facilities in the US and China and manufacturing facilities in China. Boston Power recently received funding from local Chinese governments to substantially expand its existing battery manufacturing facilities in China.

BYD
Build Your Dreams (BYD) is a Chinese automaker. BYD currently has about 6GWh of capacity, with plans to significantly increase capacity via factories in both China and Brazil.
In 2013 Roskill Reported Potential Expansions and New Projects:

Available production capacity for 2012 was approximately 291,050 LCE, where no date has been mentioned in tables the date 2017 has been applied for production. Data taken from: Table 16: Planned expansions as reported by existing lithium mineral producers to 2017, Table 17: Potential lithium mineral producers to 2017, Table 18: Planned expansions by existing lithium brine producers to 2017 and Table 19: Potential new lithium brine projects to 2017
Notes: Rest of the world 80% utilisation, China 60% utilisation, Talison’s capacity considered in line with Chinese converter plant limitations and Europe industrial market. Estimated Talison’s 65,000tpa base as of 2013 increasing 4k mt per year.
Source: Company websites and Orocobre estimates
# Olaroz Lithium Project Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Salar de Olaroz, Argentina</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Large resource</strong></td>
<td>Large measured and indicated resource of 6.4 Mt LCE, 19.3 Mt KCl &amp; 1.85Mt B to only 197m depth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High lithium resource grade of 690mg/l Li, Low Mg/Li ratio of 2.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exploration Target**
- Exploration target of 1.6 and 7.5 million metric tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent between 197m and 323m depth in thick continuous sand sequences. Basin potentially 600m deep and additional targets to the north and the south of the exploration target area. It must be stressed that an exploration target is not a mineral resource. The potential quantity and grade of the exploration target is conceptual in nature, and there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource in the volume where the Exploration Target is outlined. It is uncertain if further exploration drilling will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource in this volume. It is anticipated that additional drilling would be conducted in financial year 2016, to further evaluate the exploration target and to assist longer term development planning.

**Production**
- Stage 1 of 17,500tpa battery-grade lithium carbonate
- Optional 20,000tpa KCL
- Potential for boric acid production via solvent extraction

**Excellent economics**
- Site cash operating cost of ~US$2,000/t of lithium carbonate
- Long term expected pricing of ~US$5,000-$7,000/t
- Brine offers material operating cost advantage vs hard rock

**High specification battery-grade LCE**
- “Olaroz process” produces 100% high purity product
- Pilot plant production for 4 years for product qualification

**Life of mine and expansion**
- 40 year mine life utilises only ~15% of existing resources
- Sustainable long life project with expansion potential for lithium carbonate, potash and boron
- Expansion for Li at 40% discount per tonne of capacity compared to original capital cost

**Ownership**
- Orocobre 66.5%, Toyota Tsusho Corporation (TTC) 25%, and JEMSE (provincial government) 8%
- TTC also facilitated debt financing through Mizuho & JOGMEC and is acting as marketing agent

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1. Refer to Resource Statements Appendix
2. Refer to Resource Statements Appendix
3. At full production (excluding any potash or boron credits)
Olaroz Lithium Project Corporate Structure

Description of Corporate Structure

- The Olaroz Project Joint Venture is operated through the operating Company named Sales de Jujuy S.A. ("SDJ")

- The shareholders of SDJ are Sales de Jujuy Pte. Ltd. ("SDJ PTE"), a joint-venture vehicle for Orocobre and Toyota Tsusho Corporation ("Toyota"), and the Jujuy Provincial Government Mining Company ("JEMSE")

- The effective Olaroz project equity interest is:
  - Orocobre: 66.5%
  - Toyota: 25.0%
  - JEMSE: 8.5%
### Strong Partners - Toyota Tsusho, JOGMEC, Mizuho

**Toyota Tsusho Partnership**
- Toyota Tsusho Corporation ("TTC") is 22% owned by Toyota Motor Corporation and 11% owned by Toyota Industries, and is one of Japan’s leading global trading houses
- Definitive Shareholders Agreement executed in October 2012 for a joint venture to develop the Olaroz Project
- The effective Olaroz Project equity interest by TTC is 25.0%
- Low cost financing package from Japan facilitated through TTC and arranged by Mizuho Corporate Bank ("Mizuho")
- Debt package covers 70% of CAPEX - guaranteed by the Japanese government’s Japan Oil, Gas and Metals National Corporation ("JOGMEC")
- TTC has agency rights (on a commission basis) for lithium carbonate production from the first stage

### Key Terms of Olaroz Financing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Capital Cost</th>
<th>US$229.1 million including $22.1m contingency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equity Financing</td>
<td>Orocobre 66.5%, TTC 25%, JEMSE 8.5% (funded by Orocobre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total project equity of US$82.8 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Financing</td>
<td>Up to US$191.9 million available based on US$229.1 million CAPEX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>~4.5% fixed rate, term of 10 years after grace period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dividends payable twice yearly after debt service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guarantees / Commitments</td>
<td>JOGMEC guarantee for 82.4% of drawn debt post completion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Additional guarantees from TTC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Olaroz – The Journey

Construction Begins

Empty Evaporation Pond

First Pumping of Brine – August 2013

Liming Plant
Olaroz – The Journey

Evaporation pond post magnesium removal/lime addition

Lithium Carbonate Plant – primary and purification circuits

Primary Lithium Carbonate

Micronizing Circuit
Olaroz Opening Ceremony – December 2014
Awarded Argentinian Mining Company of the Year in 2012 & 2014
Borax Argentina &
Other Operations
Borax Argentina summary

- Acquired Borax Argentina in August 2012 from Rio Tinto for US$8.5m (US$5.5m paid upfront, then US$1m for 3 years)
- Goal: to turn around performance and invest to grow business
- Achievements so far:
  - A$1.5m EBITDA in FY14, a $4.6m improvement over FY13 with 6% sales growth
- However, headwinds in FY2015 due to softening economy in Brazil and slower ramp up after plant relocation.
- Proximity to Olaroz excellent – achieved aim of diversification to industrial mineral and chemicals company
- Annual production in excess of 40,000t of boron chemicals & mineral concentrates
- Three product streams: borax, boric acid and boron minerals
- Operations include three open pit mines and concentration plants in Tincalayu, Sijes & Porvenir
- Refinery operations at Campo Quijano have historically produced various boron chemical products
- Reliable supplier of high quality products with long-term relationships with key South American industrial and agricultural customers
- Substantial JORC compliant resources at Tincalayu and Porvenir and historical estimates on other deposits (RTM)
- Sijes is the next location to be upgraded from a historical estimate to a JORC compliant resource
Borax Argentina Products & Markets

with a variety of market uses GROWING on average 4-6% pa from what we eat to where we live RELIES ON quality supply of boron products

Borate Minerals
- Global Market B2O3 equivalent - 803kt global trade in 2013
- Ceramics, Agriculture

Borax
- Global Market B2O3 equivalent - 1,578kt global trade in 2013
- Glass Fluxes, Ceramics, Fertilisers, Fibreglass

Boric Acid
- Global Market B2O3 equivalent - 825kt global trade in 2013
- Glass Fluxes, Ceramics, Fertilisers, Wood preservatives
## Borax Argentina – Current Production & Growth Initiatives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product streams</th>
<th>Production per annum</th>
<th>Orocobre Initiatives to Grow Borax</th>
<th>Use</th>
<th>Pricing</th>
<th>Approx. Size of global market B2O3 equiv.</th>
<th>Key competitors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Borax</strong></td>
<td>Plant capacity: &gt;30,000tpa of borax decahydrate equivalent (currently 60% utilised)</td>
<td>Relocation of Bx10 refining plant from Campo Quijano to Tincalayu mine completed June 2014</td>
<td>Glass, ceramics, technical grade fibreglass, insulation grade fibreglass, fluxes &amp; fertilisers</td>
<td>Different for each product, Price range approx. US $550-1100/t FOB</td>
<td>1,578k t global trade in 2013</td>
<td>Eti RTM SVM Russian Bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boric acid</td>
<td>Current plant capacity: 9,000tpa</td>
<td>Current plant capacity: 9,000tpa</td>
<td>Glass, ceramics, fertilisers and wood preservatives</td>
<td>Price range approx. US$750/t to $1,250/t CIF over the past 5 years (industrial grade)</td>
<td>825k t global trade in 2013</td>
<td>Eti RTM Russian Bor MSR INKABOR QUI BORAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borate minerals</td>
<td>25,000tpa processed borate minerals</td>
<td>Upgrading the Sijes hydroboracite deposit from historical estimates to JORC compliance</td>
<td>Ceramics and agriculture</td>
<td>Price range approx. US $200-$600/t FOB dependent on quality/specification/application</td>
<td>803k t global trade in 2013</td>
<td>Eti Russian Bor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Depth in additional mines and projects

Cauchari (Li, K, B) - Exploration

- Lithium-potash-boron property immediately south of Olaroz plant
- Inferred (shallow) Resource 470Kt LCE, 1.6Mt KCL & 122Kt B \(^{(1)}\)
- Similar chemistry to Olaroz though lower grade and higher \(\text{SO}_4/\text{Li}\) and \(\text{Mg}/\text{Li}\) ratios
- Incremental production for Olaroz
- Deeper resource definition drilling and pumping tests planned for CY15

For more information on Cauchari

Salinas Grandes/Cangrejillos (K, Li, B) - Exploration

- Li-K project - Drilling shows excellent grades & chemistry
- Inferred Resource 240,000t LCE, 1.0Mt KCL & 12Kt B \(^{(2)}\)
- Synergies with nearby Olaroz

For more information on Salinas Grandes

1 Refer to Resource Statements Appendix
2 Refer to Resource Statements Appendix
Notes: The conversion rate used is 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate equates to 1 tonne of lithium metal and 1.91 tonnes of muriate of potash equates to 1 tonne of potassium metal.
Conclusions

✓ Olaroz production ramp up has been slower than expected due to equipment limitations and early operational issues

✓ Production bottlenecks have been sequentially identified and all bar one have been successfully rectified

✓ Olaroz production expected to meet monthly nameplate capacity in Q4

✓ Large inventory of over 32,000 tonnes of LCE in the pond system

✓ Strong lithium market conditions – supply constraints and market growth rate leading to price increases

✓ Olaroz to be a high margin/low cost and long life operation with significant expansion potential

✓ Large Boron operations, with over 40,000tpa production of boron chemicals & mineral concentrates

✓ Borax Argentina turn around in place – growth initiatives currently underway in borax products and minerals and profitability achieved in FY14

✓ Additional value/growth in Li, KCL and B in brines and minerals (Cauchari, Salinas Grandes, Borax Argentina)

✓ Long-term lithium, borates and potash markets look very strong
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Experience and Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>James Calaway</td>
<td>Non-Executive Chairman</td>
<td>Mr Calaway is a respected business and civic leader in Houston. He has considerable experience and success in building young companies into successful commercial enterprises. Mr Calaway currently serves as Chairman of the Board of DataCert Inc, the global leader in legal operations management, and has served as a Director on several other U.S. corporate boards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Seville</td>
<td>Managing Director &amp; CEO</td>
<td>Mr Seville is a mining geologist and geotechnical engineer with over 30 years’ mineral sector experience covering exploration, mine development and mine operations. He has had significant corporate experience, having had many years in the role of Operations Director and/or CEO in ASX/AIM listed mining companies. Mr Seville is a graduate of the Royal School of Mines, Imperial College and James Cook University North Queensland. He is presently a Non-executive Director of ASX and AIM listed Leyshon Resources Limited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Gibson Jr</td>
<td>Non-Executive Director</td>
<td>Mr Gibson has more than 25 years of global energy experience. Mr. Gibson currently serves as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Tervita Corporation, a major Canadian environmental and oil field services company. Prior to joining Tervita, Mr Gibson served as Chief Executive Officer of an enterprise software solutions company and has held senior positions with the Halliburton Group of Companies. Mr Gibson serves on the Boards of Directors for Tervita, Blue Spark Energy Inc., and I-Pulse Inc. He is a member of the University of Houston Energy Advisory Committee, and Houston Baptist University Board of Trustees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frederick Nicholson</td>
<td>Non-Executive Director</td>
<td>From 1991, Mr. Nicholson has served as Executive Director of Ledesma S.A.A.I. (Ledesma), a diversified Argentine agro-industrial producer. Mr. Nicholson was Vice President of the Argentine Industrial Union (UIA), the country’s leading business advocacy group, from 1999-2013 and currently serves as President of the Argentine North Regional Sugar Centre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fernando Oris de Roa</td>
<td>Non-Executive Director</td>
<td>Mr Oris de Roa is a highly successful business leader with a history of developing and operating large enterprises in Argentina. Mr Oris de Roa began his 23 year career with large trading company Continental Grain in 1970, working in USA, Spain, Switzerland, Brazil and Argentina and rose through the ranks to be responsible for all of Latin America. As Chief Executive, he is credited with turning S.A. San Miguel into the largest and most profitable lemon products company in the world. Mr Oris de Roa was Chief Executive of Avex S.A. from 2004 to 2012. He was also a Director of Patagonia Gold Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Courtney Pratt</td>
<td>Non-Executive Director</td>
<td>Mr Pratt has enjoyed a 40-year career at the helm of some of Canada’s top industrial businesses, particularly in the energy, minerals, and mining sectors. From 2004 to 2006, he was President and CEO of Stelco, a major Canadian steel producer, and served as Stelco’s Chairman until the company’s sale to the US Steel Corporation in 2007. Earlier, Mr Pratt was the President and CEO of Toronto Hydro, North America’s largest municipally owned electricity distributor and also served as President and subsequently as Chairman of Noranda Inc. In this capacity he served as a Director of a number of companies. Mr Pratt served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Toronto Region Research Alliance to March 2010. He is also Chairman of Knightsbridge Human Capital and a Director of Moosehead Breweries Limited, 407 International Inc. and CMA Holdings. Mr Pratt was awarded the Order of Canada in January 1999. He is Lead Independent Director, Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and was previously a member of the Audit Committee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert Hubbard</td>
<td>Non-Executive Director</td>
<td>Mr Hubbard brings a wealth of experience and pertinent knowledge to the Orocobre Board, having served for over 20 years as a partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers. During his time as a PwC partner, he served as auditor for some of Australia’s largest resource companies with activities throughout Australia, Papua New Guinea, West Africa and South America. His experience has covered a range of commodities including base metals, gold, oil and gas and thermal and metallurgical coal. Mr Hubbard has also served as non-executive Director in various community and commercial focussed organisations. He is currently Chairman of Opera Queensland and Multiple Sclerosis Australia and a Director of UQ Health Care Pty Ltd, MS Research Australia, MS International Federation and Council member of the University of the Sunshine Coast. Mr Hubbard is also a non-executive Director of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd. Mr Hubbard is also a member of the board of ASX listed company Primary Health Care. Mr Hubbard chairs the Company’s Audit Committee.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Olaroz has a very low environmental footprint

- The process is designed to have a high processing recovery of lithium. With its low unit costs, the process will result in low cut-off grades which will maximise overall resource recovery.
- The process route is designed with a zero liquid discharge design. All waste products are stored in permanent impoundments, the lined evaporation ponds. At the end of the project life the ponds will be capped and returned to a similar profile following soil placement and planting of original vegetation types.
- Brine is extracted from wells with minimum impact on freshwater resources outside the salar. Because the lithium is in sedimentary aquifers with relatively low permeability, drawdowns are limited to the salar itself. This is different from halite hosted deposits such as Salar de Atacama, Salar de Hombre Muerto and Salar de Rincon where the halite bodies have very high near surface permeability and the drawdown cones can impact on water resources around the Salar affecting the local environment.
- Energy used to concentrate the lithium in the brine is solar energy. The carbon footprint is lower than other processes.
- The process use a limited number of common, low environmental impact reagents.
- The technology developed has a very low maximum fresh water consumption of <20 l/s, which is low by industry standards.

Sales de Jujuy S.A. is also committed to the ten principles of the sustainable development framework as developed by The International Council on Mining and Metals. The company has an active and well-funded “Shared Value” program aimed at the long term development of the local people.
Olaroz – Resource Estimate Summary

Combined Measured and Indicated Resource of 6.4 million tonnes of lithium carbonate, 19.3 million tonnes of potash (potassium chloride) and 1.85 million tonnes of boron

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource Category</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Thickness</th>
<th>Mean specific yield</th>
<th>Brine volume</th>
<th>Lithium</th>
<th>Potassium</th>
<th>Boron</th>
<th>Lithium</th>
<th>Potassium</th>
<th>Boron</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sq. kms</td>
<td>metres</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>cubic kms</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>mg/L</td>
<td>Million Tonnes</td>
<td>Million Tonnes</td>
<td>Million Tonnes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured Resource</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>0.42</td>
<td>632</td>
<td>4930</td>
<td>927</td>
<td>0.27</td>
<td>2.08</td>
<td>0.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicated Resource</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>1.33</td>
<td>708</td>
<td>6030</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>0.94</td>
<td>8.02</td>
<td>1.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured and Indicated Resource</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>690</td>
<td>5730</td>
<td>1050</td>
<td>1.21</td>
<td>10.10</td>
<td>1.85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The resource model and brine resource estimation on the Salar de Olaroz was undertaken by John Houston, an independent consultant employed by John Houston Consulting who is a Chartered Geologist and a Fellow of the Geological Society of London. John Houston has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators’ National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Olaroz Project, dated 13 May 2011 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com. The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The conversion rate used is 1 tonne of lithium metal produces 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate and 1 tonne of potassium produces 1.91 tonnes of muriate of potash.
Olaroz – Resource Estimate Summary – Exploration Target

Exploration target between 1.6 and 7.5 million tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent between 197m and 323m depth. Basin potentially 600m deep and additional targets to the north and the south of the exploration target area. It must be stressed that an exploration target is not a mineral resource. The potential quantity and grade of the exploration target is conceptual in nature, and there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource in the volume where the Exploration Target is outlined. It is uncertain if further exploration drilling will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource in this volume.

It is anticipated that additional drilling would be conducted in financial year 2016, to further evaluate the exploration target and to assist longer term development planning.

Table 1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area km²</th>
<th>Thickness m (to 323 m depth)</th>
<th>Mean specific yield %</th>
<th>Brine volume million m³</th>
<th>Li mg/l</th>
<th>Contained Li million metric tonnes</th>
<th>Lithium carbonate million metric tonnes</th>
<th>K mg/l</th>
<th>Contained K million metric tonnes</th>
<th>Potash million metric tonnes</th>
<th>B mg/l</th>
<th>Boron million metric tonnes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| UPPER ASSUMPTION ESTIMATE
| 80      | 126                           | 20%                    | 2,000                   | 700     | 1.4                              | 7.5                                    | 5400   | 10.9                             | 20.8                          | 1,200  | 2.4                         |
| LOWER ASSUMPTION ESTIMATE
| 80      | 126                           | 6%                     | 605                     | 500     | 0.3                              | 1.6                                    | 4000   | 2.4                             | 4.6                           | 900    | 0.5                        |

The information in this table that relates to exploration target at the Olaroz project was prepared by Mr Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined in NI 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled “Olaroz Project Large Exploration Target Defined”, dated 23 October 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.
An inferred resource has been estimated in two adjoining areas of the salar, with a total 230 million cubic metres of brine at 380 mg/L lithium and 3,700 mg/L potassium. This is equivalent to 470,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate and 1.6 million tonnes of potash (potassium chloride) based on 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate being equivalent to 1 tonne of lithium and 1.91 tonnes of potash being equivalent to one tonne of potassium.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inferred Resource Area</th>
<th>Brine body parameters</th>
<th>Average resource concentrations</th>
<th>Tonnes contained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Area km2</td>
<td>Average thickness m</td>
<td>Mean specific yield %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North 170 m deep</td>
<td>19.69</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South 50 m deep</td>
<td>11.35</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined</td>
<td>31.04</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCE/potash Equivalent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators’ National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Project, dated 30 April 2010 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

This information was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported.
Porvenir Resource Estimate Summary

A measured and indicated resource of 2.3 million tonnes at 20.4% B₂O₃ is estimated at the current 16% mining cut off grade. The resource extends to a maximum depth of 2.9m and is easily exploited by low cost strip mining. A measured and indicated resource of 6.9 million tonnes of 14.9% B₂O₃ is estimated at a 9% B₂O₃ mining cut off grade.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Cut-off grade</th>
<th>Tonnes</th>
<th>Grade% B₂O₃</th>
<th>Tonnes B₂O₃</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measured</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4,907,877</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>710,672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicated</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>1,942,433</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>310,517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured &amp; Indicated</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>6,850,000</td>
<td>14.9</td>
<td>1,020,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Cut-off grade</th>
<th>Tonnes</th>
<th>Grade% B₂O₃</th>
<th>Tonnes B₂O₃</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measured</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>1,474,341</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>295,117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicated</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>804,595</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>168,776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured &amp; Indicated*</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>2,278,937</td>
<td>20.4</td>
<td>463,992</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators’ National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled Amended Announcement to Porvenir Historical Estimate Upgraded to JORC Compliant Resource, 29 April, 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resource at Porvenir, which is the subject of re-estimation. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company’s ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.
Tincalayu Resource Estimate Summary

An Indicated and Inferred resource of 6.5 million tonnes at 13.9% B₂O₃ at the a marginal cut-off of 5.6% B₂O₃, which increases to 17.8 million tons of 11.0 % B₂O₃, at a marginal cut-off grade of 2.8 % B₂O₃.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current production 30 Ktpa</th>
<th>Expanded Production 100 Ktpa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cut-off</td>
<td>Tonnes (Mt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicated</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inferred</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicated + Inferred</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators’ National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled Tincalayu Historical Estimate Upgraded to JORC Compliant Resource, 18 November 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resource at Tincalayu, which is the subject of re-estimation. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company’s ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.
Historical Borax Argentina Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mine/Project</th>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Historical Estimate</th>
<th>Tonnes</th>
<th>Grade% B2O3</th>
<th>Tonnes B2O3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Soft Rock mines</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sijes - Hydroboracite</td>
<td>Hidroboracite</td>
<td>Measured</td>
<td>3,099,998</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>706,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sijes – Colemanite</td>
<td>Colemanite</td>
<td>Inferred</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total &amp; average</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,299,998</td>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>746,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Undeveloped Ulexite Deposits in Salt Lake Sediments</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratones</td>
<td>Ulexite</td>
<td>Indicated</td>
<td>364,663</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td>65,639</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The historical estimate at Diabillos is not being re-stated as the raised phreatic surface caused by 3rd party drilling may affect the ability to mine some of this mineralisation.

Footnotes: The historical estimates are in equivalent categories to those used by the JORC and CIM reporting codes. However, these estimates did not satisfy either current JORC or CIM/NI 43-101 requirements for the reporting of resources and were considered to be historical resources (see Orocobre ASX/TSX announcement August, 2012).

**A qualified person did not do sufficient work to classify the historical estimates as current mineral resources or mineral reserves, and the Company did not treat the historical estimates as current mineral resources or mineral reserves. It is uncertain whether following evaluation and/or further exploration any of the historical estimates will ever be able to be reported as current estimates in accordance with the JORC code or NI 43-101.**

There is no new information that impacts on these historical estimates. Note that material mined in 2012-2014 is not accounted for as depletion in the figures above, with approximately 35,000 tonnes at Sijes the estimated annual production of mineralised material at the time this information was originally released in 2012.

**Relevant reports from which the above summary of historical estimates is drawn include the following:**

**Sijes:**
- July 1998; Borax Argentina S.A.; Environmental and Operational Studies, Phase 1, Initial Geotechnical Appraisal; Knight Piesold Limited, England. Includes a Historical estimates Chapter;
- July 1998; Borax Argentina S.A.; Environmental and operational Studies, Phase 2; Geotechnical Appraisal; Knight Piesold Limited, England;

**Ratones:**
The project was acquired by Borax Argentina circa 1987. The previous owners had conducted an estimate of contained mineralised material. This has not been validated by Borax Argentina, who consider the status of this material to be of the indicated category.
Competent Person’s and Qualified Person’s Statement & Technical Information

The resource estimation of the Salar de Olaroz stated in this report was undertaken by John Houston an independent consultant employed by John Houston Consulting who is a Chartered Geologist and a Fellow of the Geological Society of London. John Houston has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators’ National Instrument 43-101 (“NI 43-101”).

The Feasibility Study on the Olaroz project was prepared by Mr. Houston (Consulting Processing Engineer) employed by John Houston Consulting and Peter Ehren (Consulting Processing Engineer) employed by Ehren-González Ltda Process and Environmental Consultancy, together with Sinclair Knight Merz and the Orocobre technical group. Mr. Houston and Mr. Gunn employed by Gunn Metals Pty Ltd prepared the technical report entitled “Technical Report – Salar de Olaroz Lithium-Potash Project, Argentina” dated May 30, 2011 (the “Olaroz Report”) under NI 43-101 in respect of the Feasibility Study, and each of Messrs, Houston and Gunn was a Qualified Person under NI 43-101, and independent of the company, at the date such report was prepared. Mr Peter Ehren is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Chartered Professional and is a consulting mineral processing engineer with significant experience in lithium brine deposits. Mr Gunn is a Member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and is consulting mineral processing engineer with approximately forty years experience.

The technical information relating to Salinas Grandes and Cauchari has been prepared by Murray Brooker in conjunction with Mr Peter Ehren regarding Salinas Grandes. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a “Qualified Person” as defined in NI 43-101. Mr Peter Ehren is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Chartered Professional and is a consulting mineral processing engineer with significant experience in lithium brine deposits. He has acted as a consultant on the company’s Olaroz and Cauchari lithium projects as well as consulting extensively for other clients. Mr Ehren is responsible for the mineral processing and metallurgical testing statements in section 15 of the Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project effective April 16th 2012. This report was reviewed and updated to include a statement of Peter Ehren’s responsibilities on August 12th 2013 as a result of a review by the Ontario Securities Commission and refiled on www.sedar.com with an accompanying media release over the Canadian disclosure network on August 23rd 2013. Mr Ehren is also a “Qualified Person” as defined in NI43-101.

The information in this report that relates to mineralisation at Borax Argentina sites has been prepared by Mr Murray Brooker. Murray Brooker an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. The other information in this report relating to the boric acid plant pre-feasibility study has been approved by Mr. Peter Ehren. Peter Ehren, was an independent consultant to Orocobre at the date of the announcement. Each of Mr. Brooker and Mr. Ehren has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves and as a “Qualified Person” as defined in NI 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled “Olaroz Project Large Exploration Target Defined”, dated 23 October 2014.

The technical information relating to Salinas Grandes and Cauchari has been prepared by Murray Brooker, who was an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd, in conjunction with Mr Peter Ehren who was an independent consultant employed by employed by Ehren-González Ltda Process and Environmental Consultancy. Mr Ehren is responsible for the mineral processing and metallurgical testing statements in section 15 of the Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project effective April 16th 2012. This report was reviewed and updated to include a statement of Peter Ehren’s responsibilities on August 12th 2013 as a result of a review by the Ontario Securities Commission and refiled on www.sedar.com with an accompanying media release over the Canadian disclosure network on August 23rd 2013. Mr Ehren is also a “Qualified Person” as defined in NI43-101.
The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the references above and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the resource estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company also confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified. The Company also confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified.

A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resources at Porvenir and Tincalayu. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company’s ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.

Additional information relating to the Company’s projects is available in the Olaroz Report; the “Technical Report – Salar de Cauchari Project, Argentina” dated April 30, 2010, which was prepared by John Houston, Consulting Hydrogeologist; and the “Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project” dated April 16, 2012, which was prepared by Mr. Brooker. These are available on SEDAR.com or the Company’s website.

Additional information relating to the Company’s projects is available on the Company’s website: www.orocobre.com